

L4904A

ducital

DUAL 5V REGULATOR WITH RESET

Minidip

ORDERING NUMBER : L4904A

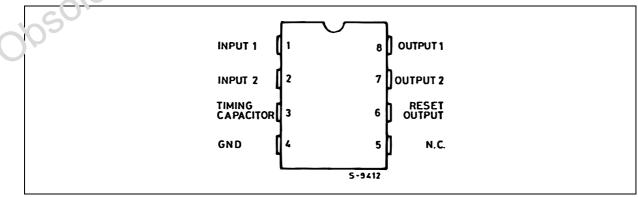
- OUTPUT CURRENTS : $I_{01} = 50 \text{mA}$ $I_{02} = 100 \text{mA}$
- FIXED PRECISION OUTPUT VOLTAGE 5V ± 2 %
- RESET FUNCTION CONTROLLED BY INPUT VOLTAGE AND OUTPUT 1 VOLTAGE
- RESET FUNCTION EXTERNALLY PRO-GRAMMABLE TIMING
- RESET OUTPUT LEVEL RELATED TO OUTPUT 2
- OUTPUT 2 INTERNALLY SWITCHED WITH ACTIVE DISCHARGING
- LOW LEAKAGE CURRENT, LESS THAN 1μA AT OUTPUT 1
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT (Input 1)
- INPUT OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION UP TO 60V
- RESET OUTPUT NORMALLY HIGH
- OUTPUT TRANSISTORS SOA PROTECTION
- SHORT CIRCUIT AND THERMAL OVER-LOAD PROTECTION

DESCRIPTION

The L4904A is a monolithic low drop dual 5V regulator designed mainly for subplying microprocessor systems.

Reset and data save functions during switch on/off can be realized.

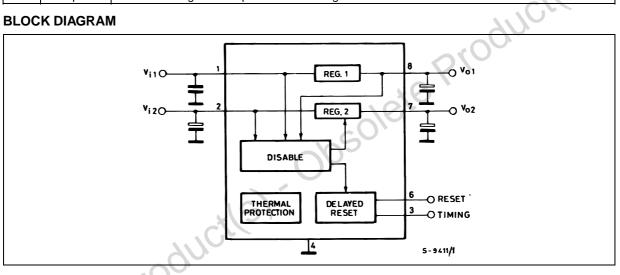
PIN CONNECTION

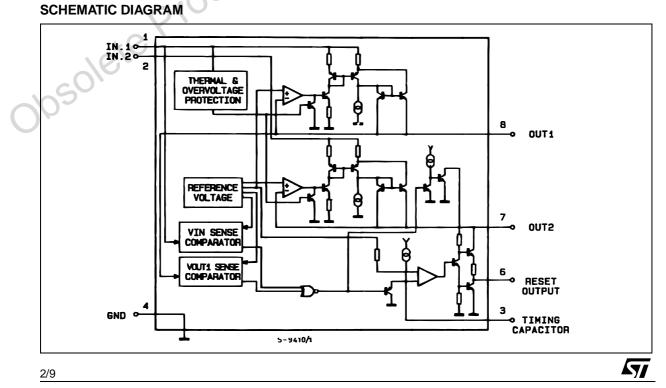


PIN FUNCTIONS

N°	Name	Function					
1	Input 1	Low Quiescent Current 50mA Regulator Input.					
2	Input 2	DmA Regulator Input.					
3	Timing Capacitor	If Reg. 2 is switching-ON the delay capacitor is charged with a $10\mu A$ constant current. When Reg. 2 is switched-OFF the delay capacitor is discharged.					
4	GND	Common Ground.					
5	N.C.	Not connected.					
6	$\begin{array}{c c} 6 & Reset \\ Output \end{array} & When pin 3 reaches 5V the reset output is switched high. \\ Therefore t_{RD} = C_t \left(\frac{5V}{10\mu A}\right); t_{RD} (ms) = C_t (nF). \end{array}$						
7	Output 2	5V – 100mA Regulator Output. Enabled if $V_0 1 > V_{RT}$ and $V_{IN 2} > V_{IT}$. If Reg. 2 is switched-OFF the C_{o2} capacitor is discharged.					
8	Output 1	5V – 50mA regulator output with low leakage in switch-OFF condition.					

BLOCK DIAGRAM





ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{IN}	DC Input Voltage Transient Input Overvoltage (t = 40ms)	24 60	V V
lo	Output Current	Internally Limited	
Ptot	Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 50^{\circ}C$	1	W
Τj	Storage and Junction Temperature	– 40 to 150	°C

THERMAL DATA

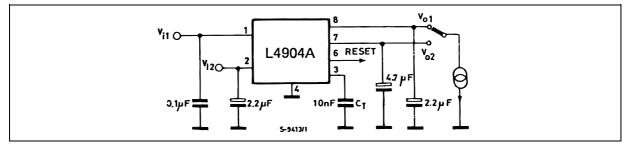
Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{th j-amb}	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient Max	100	°C/W

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vi	DC Operating Input Voltage			0	20	V
V ₀₁	Output Voltage 1	R Load 1kΩ	4.95	5.05	5.15	V
V _{02 H}	Output Voltage 2 HIGH	R Load 1kΩ	V ₀₁ –0.1	5	V ₀₁	V
V _{02 L}	Output Voltage 2 LOW	$I_{02} = -5mA$		0.1		V
I ₀₁	Output Current 1	$\Delta V_{01} = -100 \text{mV}$	50			mA
I _{L01}	Leakage Output 1 Current	$V_{IN} = 0, V_{01} \le 3V$			1	μΑ
I ₀₂	Output Current 2	$\Delta V_{02} = -100 mV$	100			mA
V _{I01}	Output 1 Dropout Voltage (*)	I ₀₁ = 10mA I ₀₁ = 50mA		0.7 0.75	0.8 0.9	V V
VIT	Input Threshold Voltage		V ₀₁ + 1.2	6.4	V ₀₁ + 1.7	V
VITH	Input Threshold Voltage Hyst.	15)		250		mV
ΔV_{01}	Line Regulation	$7V < V_{IN} < 18V, I_{01} = 5mA$		5	50	mV
ΔV_{02}	Line Regulation 2	7V < V _{IN} < 18V, I ₀₂ = 5mA		5	50	mV
ΔV_{01}	Load Regulation 1	V _{IN} = 8V, 5mA < I ₀₁ < 50mA		5	20	mV
ΔV_{02}	Load Regulation 2	V _{IN} = 8V, 5mA < I ₀₂ < 100mA		10	50	mV
IQ	Quiescent Current	$I_{02} = I_{01} \le 5mA$ $0 < V_{IN} < 13V$ $7V < V_{IN} < 13V$		4.5 1.6	6.5 3.5	mA
lq1	Quiescent Current 1	$\begin{array}{l} 6.3V < V_{IN1} < 13V, \ V_{IN2} = 0 \\ I_{01} \leq 5mA, \ I_{02} = 0 \end{array}$		0.6	0.9	mA
V _{RT}	Reset Threshold Voltage		V ₀₂ –0.15	4.9	$V_{02} - 0.05$	V
V _{RTH}	Reset Threshold Hysteresis		30	50	80	mV
V _{RH}	Reset Output Voltage HIGH	I _R = 500μA	V ₀₂ – 1	4.12	V ₀₂	V
V_{RL}	Reset Output Voltage LOW	$I_R = -5mA$		0.25	0.4	V
t _{RD}	Reset Pulse Delay	$C_t = 10nF$	3		11	ms
t _d	Timing Capacitor Discharge Time	$C_t = 10nF$			20	μs
$\frac{\Delta V_{01}}{\Delta T}$	Thermal Drift	$-20^{\circ}C \leq <0>T_{amb} \leq 125^{\circ}C$		0.3 0.8		mV/°(
$\frac{\Delta V_{02}}{\Delta T}$	Thermal Drift	− 20°C ≤<0>T _{amb} ≤ 125°C		0.3 - 0.8		mV/°(
S _{VR1}	Supply Voltage Rejection	$f = 100Hz, V_R = 0.5V, I_o = 50mA$	50	84		dB
S _{VR2}	Supply Voltage Rejection	$f = 100Hz, V_R = 0.5V, I_0 = 100mA$	50	80		dB

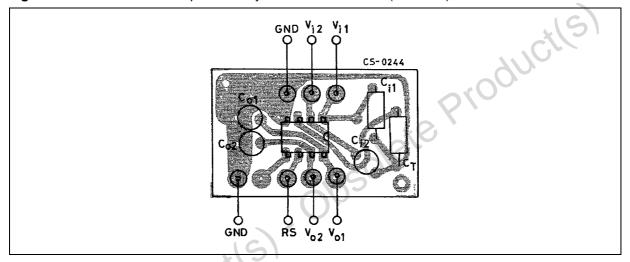
* The dropout voltage is defined as the difference between the input and the output voltage when the output voltage is lowered of 25 mV under constant output current condition.



TEST CIRCUIT







APPLICATION INFORMATION

In power supplies for μ P systems it is necessary to provide power continuously to avoid loss of information in memories and in time of day clocks, or to save data when the primary supply is removed. The L4904A makes it very easy to supply such equipments; it provides two voltage regulators (booth 5V high precision) with separate inputs plus a reset output for the data save function.

CIRCUIT OPERATION (see Figure 2)

After switch on Reg. 1 saturates until V_{01} rises to the nominal value.

When the input 2 reaches V_{IT} and the output 1 is higher than V_{RT} the output 2 (V_{02}) switches on and the reset output (V_R) also goes high after a programmable time T_{RD} (timing capacitor).

 $V_{02} \mbox{ and } V_R$ are switched together at low level when one of the following conditions occurs :

- an input overvoltage

- an overload on the output 1 ($V_{01} < V_{RT}$);

- a switch off ($V_{IN} < V_{IT} - V_{ITH}$);

and they start again as before when the condition is removed.

An overload on output 2 does not switch Reg. 2, and does not influence Reg. 1.

The V₀₁ output features :

- 5 V internal reference without voltage divider between the output and the error comparator ;
- very low drop series regulator element utilizing mirrors;

permit high output impedance and then very low leakage current even in power down conditions.

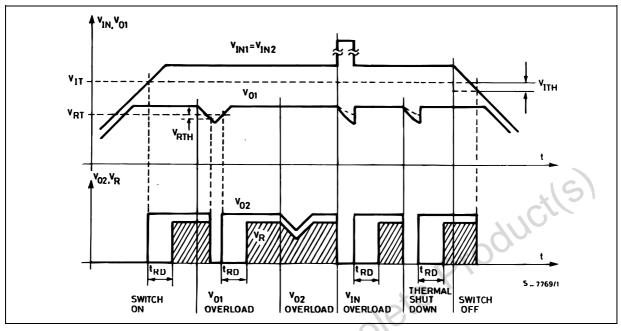
This output may therefore be used to supply circuits continuously, such as volatile RAMs, allowing the use of a back-up battery. The V_{01} regulator also features low consumption (0.6 mA typ.) to minimize battery drain in applications where the V_1 regulator is permanently connected to a battery supply.

The V_{02} output can supply other non essential 5 V circuits which may be powered down when the system is inactive, or that must be powered down to prevent uncorrect operation for supply voltages below the minimum value.

The reset output can be used as a "POWER DOWN INTERRUPT", permitting RAM access only in correct power conditions, or as a "BACK-UP ENABLE" to transfer data into in a NV SHADOW MEMORY when the supply is interrupted.



Figure 2



APPLICATION SUGGESTIONS

Figure 3 shows an application circuit for a µP system.

Reg. 1 is permanently connected to a battery and supplies a CMOS time-of-day clock and a CMOS microcomputer chip with volatile memory.

Reg. 2 may be switched OFF when the system is inactive.

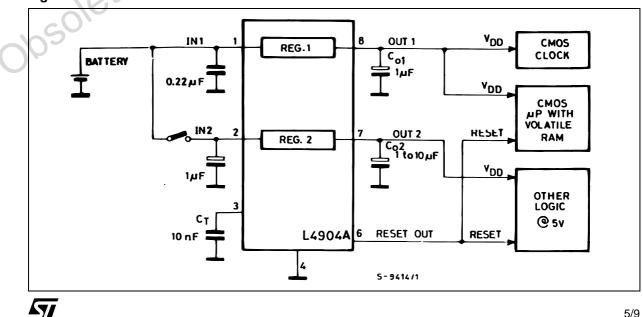
Figure 4 shows the L4904A with a back up battery on the V₀₁ output to maintain a CMOS time-of-day



clock and a stand by type C-MOS μ P. The reset output makes sure that the RAM is forced into the low consumption stand by state, so the access to memory is inhibit and the back up battery voltage cannot drop so low that memory contents are corrupted.

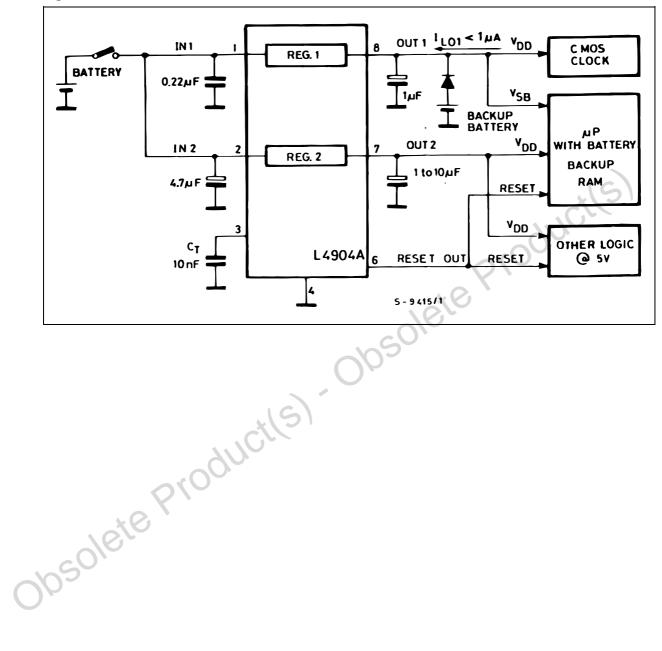
In this case the main on-off switch disconnects both regulators from the supply battery.

Application Circuits of a Microprocessor system (Figure 3) or with data save battery (Figure 4). The reset output provide delayed rising front at the



L4904A

Figure 4





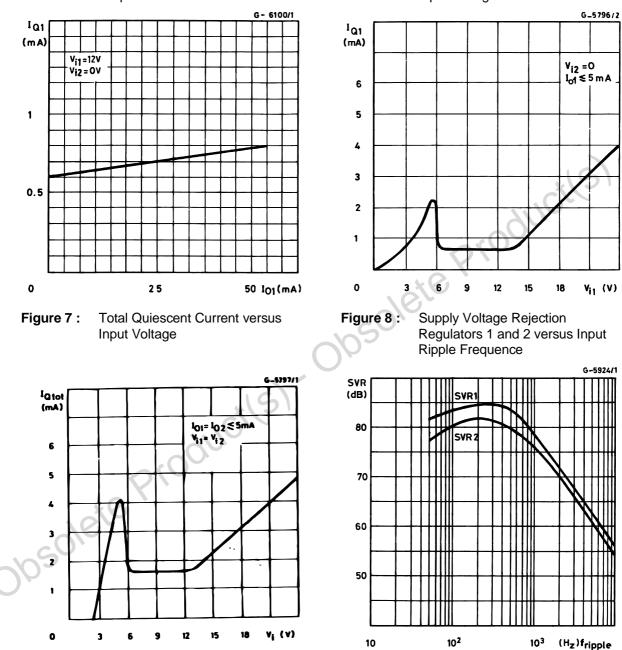
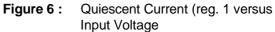
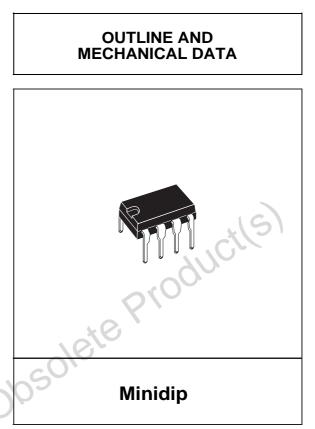


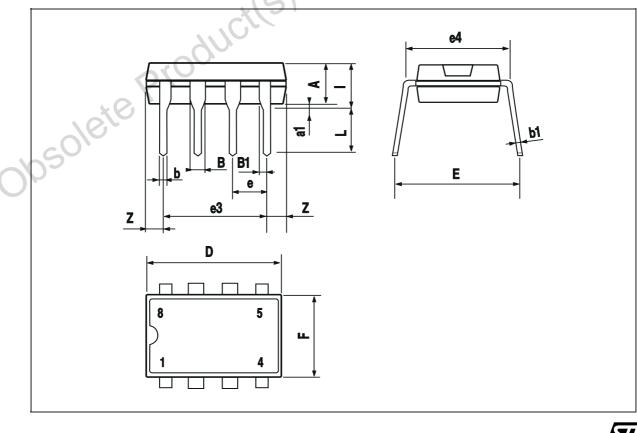
Figure 5 : Quiescent Current (reg. 1) versus Output Current



L4904A

DIM.	mm			inch			
Dim.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
А		3.32			0.131		
a1	0.51			0.020			
В	1.15		1.65	0.045		0.065	
b	0.356		0.55	0.014		0.022	
b1	0.204		0.304	0.008		0.012	
D			10.92			0.430	
Е	7.95		9.75	0.313		0.384	
е		2.54			0.100		
e3		7.62			0.300		
e4		7.62			0.300		
F			6.6			0.260	
Ι			5.08			0.200	
L	3.18		3.81	0.125		0.150	
Z			1.52			0.060	





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